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MEMO RECORDER/TAPE MEASURE MODULE

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1 MEMO RECORDER/TAPE MEASURING MODULE

2 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

3 The present invention relates generally to modules for use with hand  
4 tools, and more particularly relates to recording and/or measuring modules for use  
5 with such hand tools.

6 There has been continued innovation and improvement in the design  
7 of accessories for hand tools, particularly with regard to accessories that enhance  
8 an operator's ability to perform a task upon a work surface. Examples of such  
9 hand tools are those produced under the Skil® and Bosch® brands by the Robert  
10 Bosch Tool Corporation of Chicago, Illinois, which also produces many accessory  
11 attachments for such hand tools.

12 While using such hand tools, such as a drill or a saw, for example,  
13 the operator must frequently take and record measurements for subsequent cutting  
14 or drilling locations, and/or make markings upon a work surface to designate the  
15 desired location. Conventional methods for conducting these processes include  
16 interrupting operation of the tool, putting the tool down, locating a measuring tape  
17 or other measuring means, taking measurements, memorizing the measurements  
18 when taken, or alternatively, locating a writing utensil and paper to write down the  
19 measurements. Additionally, when the operator wishes to designate the desired  
20 location, the operator must first locate a writing utensil or other marking tool, and  
21 subsequently make the desired markings. Thus, the operator must keep track of a

1 measuring device, a marking device, or rely on memory to make and remember  
2 precise and accurate measurements.

### 3 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

4 The present invention is related to a recording and/or measuring  
5 module that provides for quick and secure attachment and detachment from a hand  
6 tool of the type having a housing configured to receive the module.

7 The recording and/or measuring module of the present invention  
8 includes a housing that is configured to quickly and securely attach and detach  
9 from the hand tool housing, and may include a sound recording and playback  
10 device, a measuring device, or both. The module may further include a switch for  
11 controlling recording and playback modes, and a LED display for indicating  
12 operation of the module, and an actuator for actuating the module during either of  
13 the recording and playback modes.

### 14 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

15 FIGURE 1 is a front perspective view of a recording and measuring  
16 module of the instant invention.

17 FIG. 2 is a front perspective view of an alternative embodiment of  
18 the recording and measuring module illustrated in FIG. 1.

19 FIG. 3 is a front perspective view of another alternative embodiment  
20 of the recording and measuring module illustrated in FIG. 1.

21 FIG. 4 is a front perspective view of yet another alternative  
22 embodiment of the recording and measuring module illustrated in FIG. 1.

23 FIG. 5 is a bottom elevational view of the recording and measuring  
24 module of the instant invention.

25 FIG. 6 is a side elevational view of the recording and measuring  
26 module illustrated in FIG. 1 partially coupled to a hand tool.

1               FIG. 7 is a side elevational view of the recording and measuring  
2 module illustrated in FIG. 1 coupled to a hand tool.

3               FIG. 8 is a top elevational view of a hand tool to which the module  
4 may be coupled.

5               FIG. 9 is a side elevational view of the recording and measuring  
6 module illustrated in FIG. 1.

## 7               DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

8               Turning now to FIG. 1, the preferred embodiment of the recording  
9 and/or measuring module of the instant invention, designated generally at 10, is  
10 typically used in connection with powered rotary hand tools such as drills,  
11 hammer drills, jigsaws, circular saws, bench top saws, and any other tool that may  
12 require the operator to create and record measurements. For purposes of  
13 illustration only, the recording and/or measuring module 10 of the preferred  
14 embodiment will be shown in connection with a powered hand drill 12 (best  
15 shown in FIGs. 6 and 7) that is illustrated in the drawings, which is manufactured  
16 by the Robert Bosch Tool Corporation under the Skil® brand. The powered hand  
17 drill 12 has a generally cylindrical housing 14 with an output shaft 16 at a first end  
18 thereof, to which a drill bit (not shown) is ordinarily attached. A handle portion  
19 18 depends downwardly from a bottom portion of the housing 14, generally at a  
20 right angle thereto. If the drill is a cordless drill, a battery 20 may be provided at a  
21 bottom end of the handle portion 18. The housing 14 is preferably further  
22 configured to include a receiving portion 22 for securely receiving the module 10.

23               The dimensions and configuration of the module 10 may vary  
24 depending upon the hand tool with which it is to be used. Typically, the module  
25 10 is configured and dimensioned for quick and easy attachment and detachment  
26 from the hand tool with which it is used, preferably having minimal size so as not  
27 to greatly increase the overall size of the hand tool. However, the instant

1 invention also contemplates a module that is integral to and unitary with the hand  
2 tool, and is thus not separable from the hand tool.

3 For purposes of illustration only, the module 10 is sized and  
4 configured for use with the powered hand drill 12 illustrated in FIGs. 6 and 7.  
5 More specifically, the module 10 includes a housing 24 having a slightly curved  
6 top member 26 and a generally flat, planar bottom member 28 (best shown in FIG.  
7 5). The bottom member 28 is generally rectangular in shape with an arcuate front  
8 portion 30, the diameter of which is preferably slightly larger than a width of a  
9 rectangular portion 32.

10 While the top and bottom members 26, 28 may have unitary  
11 construction, they are preferably two discrete pieces that matingly engage one  
12 another to form the single housing 24. To this end, both the top and bottom  
13 members 26, 28 include features to promote mating engagement, as well as the  
14 formation of the singular module housing 24 once engaged. For example, it is  
15 contemplated that the module 10 of the instant invention could be coupled to the  
16 desired hand tool in a number of manners, such as a sliding engagement, a snap-fit  
17 engagement, frictional engagement, or threaded engagement, to name a few.  
18 Additionally, the hand drill 12 may optionally include a recess that is configured  
19 to matingly receive and enclose the module 10, which is retained within the recess.  
20 For purposes of illustration only, the module 10 of the instant invention will be  
21 shown coupled to the powered hand drill 12 via sliding engagement.

22 The top member 26 of the module 10 includes downwardly  
23 depending side walls 34, 36, a downwardly depending rear wall 38, and a  
24 downwardly sloping front wall 40 that preferably includes an arcuate bottom edge  
25 41. The front wall 40 itself includes a pair of side flanges 42, 44 that are  
26 preferably unitary with the side walls 34, 36. A narrowest width of the top  
27 member 26 is defined at a point where the side flanges 42 and 44 join the side  
28 walls 34, 36, with the width of the top member 26 gradually increasing from that  
29 point to a rear end of the top member. Thus, while the side walls 34, 36 depend

1 downwardly from the top member 26, along their lengths they extend away from a  
2 longitudinal axis 46 of the module 10 at an acute angle. Because the side flanges  
3 42, 44 provide a gripping surface for the operator to use while attaching and  
4 detaching the module 10, the side flanges are provided with texturing 48 to  
5 enhance gripping properties, such as scored or raised configurations. While the  
6 texturing 48 may assume a variety of configurations, the texturing is preferably a  
7 plurality of raised lines or raised arrowhead shaped configurations.

8           Turning now to FIG. 5, the bottom member 28 of the module 10  
9 includes a top surface 50, a generally planar bottom side 52, and a cavity 54  
10 therethrough that provides access to a hollow portion of the assembled housing 24  
11 for enclosing a battery or other modular power source. A cover member 56  
12 engages an opening of the cavity 54 via snap-fit or other secure engagement. The  
13 arcuate front portion 30 of the bottom member 28 is configured to nestingly  
14 engage the arcuate edge 41 of the front wall 40 of the top member 26. However,  
15 the rectangular portion 32 is not sized and configured to nestingly engage a  
16 corresponding portion of the top member 26. Instead, because the rectangular  
17 portion 32 includes generally parallel side walls 58, 60, while the top member 26  
18 has side walls 34, 36 that extend away from the longitudinal axis 46 of the module  
19 10 at an acute angle, the gradually widening width of the top member is larger  
20 than the constant width of the bottom member, forming an pair of eaves 62 on the  
21 top member, one of which hangs over each side of the bottom member.

22           To optimally maintain the overall dimension of the powered hand  
23 drill 12, the width of the top member 26, as measured from an outside of one eave  
24 62 to an outside of the other eave, is generally configured to correspond to a width  
25 of the receiving portion 22 of the tool housing. Because the bottom member 28  
26 has a smaller width than the top member 26, when the top and bottom members  
27 26, 28 are engaged, the eaves 62 and the parallel side walls 58, 60 form a pair of  
28 sliding guide tracks. To promote the guidance properties of the sliding guide

1 tracks, the rectangular portion 32 includes a guidance mechanism at each side of  
2 the rectangular portion.

3 More specifically, the rectangular portion 32 of the bottom member  
4 28 preferably includes at least two discrete widths, separated by a transition  
5 section 68. A first width is followed by the transition section 68, which is  
6 followed by a second width that is preferably larger than the first width. Because  
7 of the disparity in width, the second width acts as a guide flange.

8 Both the first and second widths are preferably smaller than even the  
9 narrowest point of the top member 26. The second width includes the generally  
10 parallel side walls 58, 60, which extend upward from a top surface 50 (best shown  
11 in FIG. 9) and slope upward toward the arcuate front portion 30, and are therefore  
12 shortest at the transition section 68 and tallest near the arcuate front portion.

13 Turning now to FIG. 9, at an end of the rectangular portion 32  
14 nearest the arcuate front portion 30, the parallel side walls 58, 60 each include  
15 engagement mechanisms. Each engagement mechanism includes a longitudinal  
16 slot 70 in the bottom member 28 and at least one engagement member 72  
17 extending upward from the top surface 50 of the bottom member on each side.  
18 Optionally, a second engagement member 74 may depend from an underside of  
19 the top member 26 to a corresponding recess (not shown) in the bottom member  
20 on each side. Thus, the engagement member 72 extends into a corresponding  
21 recess (not shown) within the top member 26 to promote engagement and stability  
22 to the assembly of the top member 26 to the bottom member 28, and the top  
23 member 26 similarly includes an engagement member 74, which extends into a  
24 corresponding recess (not shown) within the top surface 50 of the bottom member  
25 28.

26 Because the module is preferably made from a plastic, such as  
27 Acrylonityile Butadiene Styrene (ABS) for example, the proximity of the each  
28 longitudinal slot 70 to the parallel side walls 58, 60 imparts localized flexibility to  
29 the respective portion of the parallel side walls that abut each longitudinal slot.

1 Thus, those portions of the parallel side walls 58, 60 have flexible, spring-like  
2 qualities that promote the secure engagement of the module 10 to the powered  
3 hand drill 12. A notch 73 is preferably disposed on a section of the parallel side  
4 walls 58, 60 opposite the longitudinal slot 70. The notch 73 preferably slightly  
5 increases the width of the parallel side walls 58, 60.

6 To assemble the top and bottom members 26, 28 to one another, the  
7 top surface 50 of the bottom member 28 is brought toward an underside of the top  
8 member 26 that when coupled, enclose the hollow portion of the assembled  
9 housing 24. The arcuate front portion 30 of the bottom member 28 nests within  
10 the arcuate bottom edge 41 of the front wall 40 so that the arcuate bottom edge 41  
11 and the bottom side 52 of the bottom member 28 are generally coplanar.  
12 Similarly, the rectangular portion 32 abuts an inside surface of the rear wall 38 of  
13 the top member 26 such that the bottom side 52 of the bottom member 28 and a  
14 bottom edge of the rear wall 38 are coplanar. Additionally, at least a longitudinal  
15 portion of the top side of the bottom member 28 abuts a pair of opposing support  
16 walls 76 that extend downwardly from the top member 26. Each respective  
17 engagement member 72, 74 engages its corresponding recess to promote the  
18 stability, alignment and security of the engagement of the top and bottom  
19 members 26, 28. To further reinforce the engagement, the two members 26, 28  
20 may be secured to one another by ultrasonic welding or by application of an  
21 adhesive, such as Loctite® glue for example.

22 In the preferred embodiment of the instant invention, the top  
23 member 26 includes a plurality of additional features to enhance the user's  
24 operation of the hand tool, such as a multiple position mode switch 78, an actuator  
25 80, an LED display 82, a microphone 84, a speaker 85 and a measuring device 86.  
26 While the preferred embodiment includes all of these features, it is contemplated  
27 that alternative embodiments may omit one or more of these features. Moreover,  
28 placement and configuration of these features, when present, may vary greatly



1 depending upon the application with which the module 10 is intended for use and  
2 upon the specifications of a manufacturer or a customer.

3 The mode switch 78 is preferably provided so that the operator may  
4 select between a plurality of operating modes, such as the off mode, the recording  
5 mode and the playback mode. The mode switch 78 may be disposed in a plurality  
6 of locations. For example, as illustrated in FIGs. 1-4, the mode switch 78 is  
7 disposed toward a center of the top surface 50 of the top member 26, while it may  
8 also be disposed on one of the downwardly depending side walls 34, 36 in an  
9 alternative embodiment, as illustrated in FIGs. 6 and 9.

10 The actuator 80 is preferably a pushbutton or key member, which  
11 when depressed, activates either the recording mode or the playback mode,  
12 depending on which mode the user has selected. As with the mode switch 78, the  
13 actuator 80 may be disposed at a rear surface of the top member 26, as illustrated  
14 in FIGs. 1-4, or may be disposed in a plurality of alternative positions, such as  
15 toward the middle of the top member 26, as illustrated in FIG. 6. An LED display  
16 82 is also preferably provided to indicate when a particular mode is activated, such  
17 as when the module 10 is recording. Again, the LED display may also be  
18 disposed in a plurality of locations, such as toward the middle of the top member  
19 26 as illustrated in FIG. 6, or near the rear of the top member, as illustrated in  
20 FIGs. 1-4.

21 Because the module 10 is configured to record and play back audible  
22 sound, the module also preferably includes the microphone 84 and the speaker 85.  
23 The microphone 84 and speaker 85 may optionally be combined into a  
24 microphone/speaker 87 feature, as illustrated in FIGs. 1-4. Either way, the  
25 microphone 84, speaker 85 and combined microphone/speaker 87 feature may  
26 disposed at a plurality of locations, dependent only upon the desires and  
27 specification of the manufacturer or customer. As illustrated in FIGs. 1-4, the  
28 combined microphone/speaker 87 feature is disposed along the top surface 50 of  
29 the top member 26 toward the middle, while FIG. 6 illustrates the microphone 84

1 as disposed at a front surface of the top member, and the speaker 85 as being  
2 disposed toward the middle of the top member.

3 The measuring device 86, which is part of the preferred embodiment  
4 but which can be optionally removed, is preferably a tape measure that includes a  
5 spool housing 88 and measuring tape 90 having a predetermined length, such as  
6 three feet, for example. Optionally, a locking lever 91 is also provided to prevent  
7 inadvertent extension or retraction of the measuring tape 90 during measurement  
8 or when the measuring tape is fully retracted. When a measuring device 86 is  
9 provided, the housing 24 of the module 10 is preferably configured to receive the  
10 measuring device.

11 More specifically, in the preferred embodiment of the instant  
12 invention, the housing 24 includes a generally circular recess at a portion of the  
13 top member 26 nearest the rear wall 38, which is configured to receive a spool  
14 housing 88 of a predetermined size and configuration. Additionally, at least a  
15 portion of the spool housing 88, and preferably the entire spool housing 88, is  
16 enclosed by a top wall of the top member 26. The spool housing 88 is preferably  
17 oriented so that its axis of rotation is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 44 of  
18 the module 10. In this manner, a smooth, the top surface 50 of the top member 26  
19 encloses the spool housing 88 without substantially disrupting the topography of  
20 the top surface 50 of the module 10. The measuring device 86 is also preferably  
21 configured to be selectively removable from the housing 24 in the event the user  
22 wishes to take a measurement without having to hold the drill while doing so.

23 Further accommodation is preferably made for the measuring tape  
24 90, which preferably extends from the spool housing with its broad sides facing  
25 the side walls 34, 36 of the top member 26. A slot 93 is preferably provided in the  
26 rear wall 38 of the top member 26 to both accommodate the extension and  
27 retraction of the measuring tape 90 and to guide the measuring tape.

28 Turning now to FIG. 2, in one alternative embodiment, the  
29 measuring device 86 is integrally formed with the housing 24 so that the spool

1 housing 88 is preferably entirely or mostly enclosed within the housing. The slot  
2 93 is still provided so that the user may grasp, extend and retract the measuring  
3 tape 90. In this embodiment, the measuring device 86 is still oriented with its axis  
4 of rotation preferably perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 44 of the module 10.  
5 However, instead of the generally circular recess 92, the housing 24 is generally  
6 continuous and unbroken over the measuring device 86, and encloses the  
7 measuring device 86 under a raised, generally circular portion 94 of the top  
8 member 26.

9           Turning to FIG. 3, another embodiment of the instant invention  
10 omits the measuring device 86 altogether. In this embodiment, the portion of the  
11 top member 26 nearest the rear wall 38 is therefore not configured to  
12 accommodate a measuring tape, and is preferably a generally smooth surface on  
13 the top member 26.

14           Additionally, the module 10 of the instant invention contemplates  
15 the inclusion of numerous other utilities, such as a writing utensil or a marking  
16 utensil. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 4, a writing utensil 96, such as a pencil  
17 or a pen for example, is secured to the module 10 using a generally hollow, tubular  
18 fastener 98 that has an orifice therethrough that is generally sized and configured  
19 to frictionally engage and retain the writing utensil. Preferably, the writing utensil  
20 96 is secured to the module so that its longitudinal axis is parallel to the  
21 longitudinal axis 46 of the module 10. Alternatively, a marking utensil having a  
22 sharpened point may be included, such as a plastic or metal point.

23           As is also illustrated in FIG. 4, the alternative embodiments of the  
24 module 10 may include measurement indicia 100 along one of the two  
25 downwardly depending side walls 34, 36, thus adding an incremental possibility  
26 for length measurement of the work surface. Specifically, at least a portion of the  
27 module 10 is preferably configured so that it includes a predetermined length that  
28 corresponds to an integer unit measurement, such as two inches. The integer unit  
29 measurement has a value of zero at a position on the downwardly depending side

1 walls 34, 36 generally corresponding to the position at which the tape measure 86  
2 is fully retracted. Thus, as the tape measure 86 is extended, the user is able to  
3 make measurements up to and including the length of the tape measure plus the  
4 added two inches, for example.

5           Additionally, the module 10 may optionally include a honed point  
6 102 extending therefrom, preferably at downwardly depending rear wall 38. This  
7 honed point 102 may be used to make point indentations for marking desired  
8 locations on a work surface, and identifying those locations for drilling, or  
9 inserting a nail or screw, for example.

10           FIG. 11 illustrates yet another embodiment wherein the recording  
11 and playback device is omitted from the module 10, while the measuring device  
12 86 is still provided. In this embodiment, the measuring device 86 is preferably  
13 provided at within the module 10, which is configured to be assembled to the  
14 powered hand drill 12 at a top portion of the housing 24.

15           The recording and playback device that is provided is preferably a  
16 single chip voice record/ playback device that can preferably record 10 or 12  
17 seconds or more and are commercially available and can be connected in circuit  
18 with the LED 82 microphone 84, speaker 85, switch 78 and actuator 80, as well as  
19 a battery (not shown). Such a device is currently marketed as product ISD1100  
20 series by the ISD Company of 2727 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95134. A circuit  
21 diagram for a common application such as that used in these embodiments is  
22 illustrated in product brief ISD1100PBf1-699 which is specifically incorporated  
23 by reference herein.

24           Where the module 10 is intended to be selectively detachable from  
25 the powered hand drill 12, the receiving portion 22 is provided on the powered  
26 hand drill and is preferably disposed within a top surface of the cylindrical  
27 housing 14, beginning at an end of the housing opposite the output shaft 16 and  
28 extending in a longitudinal direction along at least a portion of the top surface.  
29 For example, the receiving portion 22 may extend along substantially half of the

1 length of the housing. A bottom surface 104 of the receiving portion 22 is a  
2 generally planar, downwardly sloping surface, open at the end opposite the output  
3 shaft 16 and flanked on each lateral side by outer walls 106, 108. The open end is  
4 preferably arcuate in shape. An end of the receiving portion 22 nearest the output  
5 shaft 16 terminates in an arcuate wall 110.

6           The outer walls 106, 108 are configured to receive the module 10 in  
7 a sliding engagement. Accordingly, each outer wall 106, 108 extends upwardly  
8 from the bottom surface 22 to a predetermined height. The outer walls 106, 108  
9 are sloped so that the height of each of the outer walls gradually increases in the  
10 direction of the open end. In maintaining the overall general cylindrical shape of  
11 the housing 14, outer surfaces of the outer walls 106, 108 are preferably curved.  
12 Top surfaces 112 of the outer walls 106, 108 are generally planar and have a width  
13 that is preferably larger than that of a bottom width of the outer walls, thus  
14 creating an overhang that extends into an interior space of the receiving portion  
15 22. An underside of the overhang creates a pair of longitudinal recesses 114 that  
16 are configured to receiving the module 10. One of a pair of flanges 116 extends  
17 toward one another from each top surface 112 of the outer walls 106, 108. The  
18 distance each flange 112 extends toward the other flange increases in a direction  
19 from a notch 118 toward the arcuate wall 110.

20           Thus, to couple the assembled module 10 to the powered hand drill  
21 12, the eaves 62 are placed in abutment with the top surfaces 112 of the outer  
22 walls 106, 108, thus placing the bottom member 28 of the module in alignment  
23 with the longitudinal recesses 114 of the receiving portion 22. The eaves 62  
24 preferably slide atop the top surfaces 112 of the outer walls 106, 108 in a direction  
25 of the arcuate wall 110 of the receiving portion, thereby engaging the parallel side  
26 walls 58, 60 of the bottom member 28 with the longitudinal recesses 114. The  
27 module 10 preferably slides into the receiving portion 22 in this manner until the  
28 longitudinal recesses encounter the notch 73. At this point, the user supplies an  
29 additional quantum of force to push the notch 73 into the longitudinal recesses

1 114, thereby fully coupling the module 10 to the powered hand drill 12, wherein  
2 the arcuate bottom edge 41 of the downwardly sloping front wall 40 of the top  
3 member 26 abuts the arcuate wall 110 of the powered hand drill. At the rear, the  
4 downwardly depending rear wall 38 abuts a generally smooth, rounded portion of  
5 the powered hand drill 12 so that the rear wall 38 and the smooth rounded portion  
6 of the powered hand drill are generally coextensive. The side flanges 42, 44 abut  
7 an end of the outer walls 106, 108. In this manner, the module 10 is coupled to the  
8 powered hand drill 12 such that edges of the module and edges of the receiving  
9 portion 22 abut one another to provide a generally smooth and unobtrusive  
10 coupling, preferably leaving no exposed edges on either the receiving portion or  
11 the module.

12           Uncoupling the module 10 from the powered hand drill 12 is  
13 similarly smooth and efficient. The operator applies force in a downward and  
14 rearward direction to overcome the engagement of the notch 73 within the  
15 longitudinal recesses 114. Once this engagement is overcome, the operator slides  
16 the module 10 out of the receiving portion 22 to fully disengage the module from  
17 the powered hand drill 12.

18           Turning now to FIG. 10, where the module 10 and the powered hand  
19 drill 12 or other hand tool are of unitary construction, no coupling or uncoupling  
20 of the module is anticipated. As such, the overall shape of the combination  
21 module 10 and powered hand drill 12 is generally similar to that of the coupled  
22 module and powered hand drill in embodiments where the module and powered  
23 hand drill are separate units. However, unlike previous embodiments, the housing  
24 is unitary and accordingly lacks discrete demarcation between the two pieces.

25           The unitary combination module 10 and powered hand drill 12  
26 includes the generally cylindrical housing 14 with the output shaft 16 at a first end  
27 thereof, to which a drill bit (not shown) is ordinarily attached. The handle portion  
28 18 depends downwardly from the bottom portion of the housing 14, generally at a  
29 right angle thereto. If the drill is a cordless drill, the battery 20 may be provided at

1 the bottom end of the handle portion 18. In contrast to earlier embodiments,  
2 however, there is no receiving portion provided at the end opposite the output  
3 shaft 16. Instead, the radius of the top surface of the powered hand drill is  
4 generally maintained throughout its length, with the components of the module 10  
5 enclosed therein. The components are included within the fabricated housing  
6 using methods that are well known in the art.

7           While a particular embodiment of the present recording and/or  
8 measuring module has been described herein, it will be appreciated by those  
9 skilled in the art that changes and modifications may be made thereto without  
10 departing from the invention in its broader aspects and as set forth in the following  
11 claims.